



## 1. Identification of Substance & Company

### Product

Product name	Dricon CT Concrete Treatment
Other names	NA
Product code	NA
HSNO approval	HSR002526
Approval description	Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020
UN number	1760
Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S
DG Class	8
Packaging group	III
Hazchem code	2X
Uses	Concrete wash

### Company Details

Company	<b>Dricon, Firth Industries</b>
Address	100 Bollard Rd, Tuakau Auckland
Telephone	0800 374 266
Website	www.dricon.co.nz

**Emergency Telephone Number: 0800-764 766**

## 2. Hazard Identification

### Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002526, Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

### GHS 7 Classes

Eye irritation category 2  
Metal corrosive category 1

### Hazard Statement

H320 - Causes eye irritation.  
H290 - May be corrosive to metals.

### SYMBOLS

# DANGER



### Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

### Precautionary Statements

<b>Prevention</b>	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use. P234 - Keep only in original container. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection.
<b>Response</b>	P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.



# Dricon CT Concrete Treatment

Safety Data Sheet

**Storage** P406 - Store in a corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.  
**Disposal** P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
acidic organic salt	proprietary	30-60%
Non-ionic surfactant	9005-64-5	1-10%
ingredients not contributing to HSNO classes, including water	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

### 4. First Aid

#### General Information

You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). If medical advice is needed, have this SDS, product container or label at hand.

**Recommended first aid facilities** Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended

#### Exposure

##### Swallowed

IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Contact a doctor if you feel unwell.

##### Eye contact

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

##### Skin contact

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

##### Inhaled

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

#### Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

### 5. Firefighting Measures

#### Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing substances:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non flammable. Not applicable.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing substances:

Unknown.

#### Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

#### Protective equipment:

Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection.

#### Hazchem code:

2X

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Containment

If greater than 100L is stored, secondary containment is required. Emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. Prevent spillage from spreading or entering soil, waterways or drains.

#### Emergency procedures

In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard.

Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

<b>Clean-up method</b>	Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.
<b>Disposal</b>	Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.
<b>Precautions</b>	Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

## 7. Storage & Handling

<b>Storage</b>	Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed to minimise contamination. Store in original containers only. Keep in a cool, dry place. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.
<b>Handling</b>	Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

### Workplace Exposure Standards



A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m<sup>3</sup> for respirable particulates and 10mg/m<sup>3</sup> for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Exposure Stds	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
	No ingredient listed	-	-

### Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

### Personal Protective Equipment

<b>General</b>		Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.
<b>Eyes</b>		Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.
<b>Skin</b>		Avoid any skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious acid proof gloves. PVC, nitrile, neoprene or natural rubber gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.
<b>Respiratory</b>		Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.

### WES Additional Information

Not applicable

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance</b>	yellow liquid
<b>Odour</b>	none
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	no data
<b>pH</b>	<1
<b>Freezing/melting point</b>	no data
<b>Boiling Point</b>	no data
<b>Flashpoint</b>	no data
<b>Flammability</b>	no data
<b>Upper &amp; lower flammable limits</b>	no data
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	no data
<b>Vapour density</b>	no data
<b>Specific gravity/density</b>	1.2g/cm <sup>3</sup>
<b>Solubility</b>	soluble in water
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	no data
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	no data
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	no data
<b>Viscosity</b>	no data
<b>Particle Characteristics</b>	no data
<b>Corrosiveness</b>	corrosive to metals: steel @ 20°C: slight, Aluminium @ 20°C: slight. Note: concrete wash is designated a "Dangerous Good" according to the ADG code because corrosion of aluminium exceeds 6.25mm per year at 55°C.

## 10. Stability & Reactivity

<b>Stability</b>	Stable
<b>Conditions to be avoided</b>	Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames.
<b>Incompatible groups</b>	Acids, strong alkalis, oxidising agents, pool chlorination products (e.g. bleach), cyanides.
<b>Substance Specific Incompatibility</b>	none known
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	May emit toxic fumes and corrosive fumes if heated to decomposition.
<b>Hazardous reactions</b>	No hazardous polymerisation will occur.

## 11. Toxicological Information

### Summary

IF SWALLOWED: Ingestion of this product may cause gastrointestinal irritation and irritation of the mouth.

IF IN EYES: Contact with eye can cause irritation. the pH of this solution is <1. Prolonged contact may cause severe eye irritation/damage.

IF ON SKIN: prolonged contact may cause mild skin irritation. May cause stinging if it comes into contact with a cut or broken skin.

IF INHALED: mists of this mixture may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: none known.

### Supporting Data

<b>Acute</b>	<b>Oral</b>	The estimated LD <sub>50</sub> (oral, rat) for the mixture is > 5,000 mg/kg.
	<b>Dermal</b>	The estimated LD <sub>50</sub> (dermal, rat) for the mixture is > 5,000 mg/kg.
	<b>Inhaled</b>	The estimated LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is >5 mg/L (dust mist).
	<b>Eye</b>	The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because some of the ingredients present are considered eye irritants in more concentrated form.
	<b>Skin</b>	The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients present are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form.
<b>Chronic</b>	<b>Sensitisation</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.
	<b>Mutagenicity</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
	<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
	<b>Reproductive / Developmental</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.
	<b>Systemic Aggravation of existing conditions</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. None known



## 12. Ecological Data

### Summary

This mixture may be harmful towards aquatic organisms, as the pH is <1. Do not allow mixture to reach drains or waterways.

### Supporting Data

<b>Aquatic</b>	No data for mixture is available. Water contaminated with this product is acidic and should not be allowed to enter the environment.
<b>Bioaccumulation</b>	Not applicable
<b>Degradability</b>	Biodegradable.
<b>Soil</b>	No data available for the mixture. The soil toxicity value for the mixture is estimated to be $\geq 100$ mg/kg.
<b>Terrestrial vertebrate</b>	This product is not considered harmful to terrestrial vertebrates. No LC <sub>50</sub> (diet) data for ingredients are available and the classification is based on the LD <sub>50</sub> (oral) – see section 11 – oral toxicity.
<b>Terrestrial invertebrate</b>	The mixture is not considered harmful to terrestrial invertebrates.
<b>Biocidal</b>	Not designed as a biocide.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

<b>Restrictions</b>	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
<b>Disposal method</b>	Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

## 14. Transport Information

### Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

<b>UN number:</b>	1760	<b>Proper shipping name:</b>	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
<b>Class(es)</b>	8	<b>Packing group:</b>	III
<b>Precautions:</b>	CORROSIVE LIQUID	<b>Hazchem code:</b>	2X

NOTE: concrete wash is designated a "Dangerous Good" according to the ADG code because corrosion of aluminium exceeds 6.25mm per year at 55°C. Not corrosive to skin.

## 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002526: Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear in the NZIoC.

### Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.
Inventory	An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.
Packaging	All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied
Labelling	Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.
Emergency plan	Required if > 100L is stored.
Certified handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bunding and secondary containment	Required if > 100L is stored.
Signage	Required if > 1000L is stored.
Location compliance certificate	Not required.
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	Not required.



Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

## 16. Other Information

### Abbreviations

<b>Approval Code</b>	Approval Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020, HSR002526, Controls, EPA. <a href="http://www.epa.govt.nz">www.epa.govt.nz</a>
<b>CAS Number</b>	Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
<b>EC<sub>50</sub></b>	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
<b>EPA</b>	Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)
<b>GHS</b>	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7 <sup>th</sup> revised edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.
<b>HAZCHEM Code</b>	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
<b>HSNO</b>	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
<b>IARC</b>	International Agency for Research on Cancer
<b>LEL</b>	Lower Explosive Limit
<b>LD<sub>50</sub></b>	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
<b>LC<sub>50</sub></b>	Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
<b>NZIoC</b>	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
<b>STEL</b>	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
<b>TWA</b>	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
<b>UEL</b>	Upper Explosive Limit
<b>UN Number</b>	United Nations Number
<b>WES</b>	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

### References

<b>Data</b>	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).
<b>Controls</b>	EPA notices, <a href="http://www.epa.govt.nz">www.epa.govt.nz</a> , Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, <a href="http://www.legislation.govt.nz">www.legislation.govt.nz</a>
<b>WES</b>	The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – <a href="http://www.worksafe.govt.nz">www.worksafe.govt.nz</a> .
<b>Other References:</b>	EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

### Review

Date	Reason for Review
June 2018	NA – new SDS
June 2023	5 yearly update, HSNO to GHS

### Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications, are based on information from the suppliers, our experience, EPA Guidelines and international classifications. The full formulation details were not available to Datachem LTD. **This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose.** To contact the SDS author, email [info@datachem.co.nz](mailto:info@datachem.co.nz) or phone: +64 21 1040951.

